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Death Sentence: The Gyöer Military Tribunal sentenced Gyula Hetz to death and Jozsef Geiszt to 15 years' imprisonment for illegal possession of arms and ammunition. Gyula Hetz appealed for mercy to the Presidential Council of the People's Republic. (MTI 21.6.57)

Woman Rioter Sentenced: Budapest City Court found Piroška Janko guilty of having taken part in the attack on the Budapest Party HQ on 30th October and of being involved in the assassination of Col. Papp, and sentenced her to 18 years' imprisonment. (MTI 21.6.57)

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Trial of "Széna Square Group": The Budapest City Court began the "accelerated" trial of László Ruzsnyák and his 16 accomplices, described as "the hard core of the so-called Széna Square counter-revolutionary group, led by János Szabo". Most of the accused were said to be ex-convicts who had escaped from the prisoners' labour camps at Csolnok and Pilis. (Hungarian information service 18.6.57)

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Trial of Zsigmond Sipos: A Budapest Court tried Zsigmond Sipos and six accomplices on charges of plotting against the democratic State order, murder and other crimes. On 12th January Sipos was said to have murdered Maj. Imre Bojtí, of the Force of Public Order, while on duty in Nador Street. Members of the gang had planned an armed rising for 15th March, and had intended to attack the Political Police Building in Foe Street and the (?Party club) in Zrínyi Street (Hungarian information service 20.6.57). The Court found Zsigmond Sipos, József Erdész, and Pál Bakosi guilty of murder, robbery, armed theft, and of the crime of leading or participating in an armed organisation aiming at the overthrow of the popular democratic State order. The three men were sentenced to death (Budapest in Hungarian for W Europe 22.6.57). Borbála Sipos, Madame Geza Vass, László Csigo and Karoly Borja, were sentenced to terms of imprisonment ranging from five to 12 years. The sentences are subject to confirmation (MTI 22.6.57).