

N.Z.Z., 1 July 1957:

Socialist

The National Conference of the Workers' ~~Revolutionary~~ Party in Hungary brought, as it appears from the resolution, in general a confirmation of the existing line of the Party. At the same time, it is clear that the political situation in Hungary is still very far removed from definitive consolidation, and that the communists, in spite of every effort, in many spheres of public life are still not able to operate efficiently. The blow dealt last October by the people at the regime, seems to be more and more irreconcilable. Kadar's terror-justice with his executions and arbitrary arrests and deportations is continuing unabatedly.

In the composition of the new Party organs, a distinct move to the left is noticeable." Besides a few members from the so-called "centre" to which Kadar belongs, primarily the former followers of Rakosi, are those who were adopted into the Central Committee of the Party. The number of members of the Central Committee was raised from the previous 37 to 55. Among them is Jozsef Revai, a former Minister for People's Culture, followed by the former deputy minister for national defence and the present Ambassador in Peking, Sandor Nogradi. Among the 18 new members are further Dezso Nemes, the Editor-in-Chief of Nepsabadsag, the Minister of Justice, Neuzval, the Head of the Information Section of the Council of Ministers, Szirmai, and a member of the Editorial Board of the Ideological newspaper of the Party, Bela Fogarassi.

The former provisional executive committee was changed into a permanent XE1 Politburo and its membership was raised to 11. The Politburo has now two alternate members.

Two former followers of Imre Nagy were expelled from the Central Committee. They are: the former Minister of State Farms in the Nagy Government, last October, Mr. Gyenes, and a Trade Union functionary, Koeboel. 11

This may
be a
hasty
conclusion.