

HUNGARY

Nov. 25, 1957

KADAR RETURNS FROM MOSCOW CELEBRATION

Budapest, Hungarian Home Service, Nov. 22, 1957, 1500 GMT--L

(Text) The Hungarian Government delegation to the October Revolution anniversary celebrations returned to Budapest this morning after spending nearly three weeks in the USSR. A guard of honor lined up outside the decorated waiting hall of the East railway station, Budapest.

Those present at the arrival of the delegation included Istvan Dobi, President of the Presidential Council, members of the party Central Committee, ministers, and representatives of the diplomatic corps.

As the Delegates, headed by Comrade Kadar, left the train they were enthusiastically applauded and acclaimed by the workers of Budapest. After exchanging friendly handshakes, Gyorgy Marosan, Minister of State, welcomed the delegates.

Janos Kadar, Premier and First Secretary of the party Central Committee, surveyed, in his reply, his impressions gained at Moscow, and emphasized that the representatives of 38 communist and workers parties had gathered in Moscow. Such a large-scale gathering had not taken place in the international labor movement for 22 years.

After the reception, the guard of honor marched past Premier Janos Kadar and the Hungarian statesmen.

Kadar Speech

Budapest, Hungarian Home Service, Nov. 22, 1957, 1900 GMT--L

(Recording of Premier Kadar speech on return from Moscow)

(Text) Dear Comrade Dobi, dear Comrade Marosan, dear comrades and friends! In the name of all members of our delegation I thank all of you present for having come to meet us. The comrades know well that we went to Moscow, as representatives of the Hungarian Socialist Workers Party and of the Revolutionary Worker-Peasant Government, more than two and a half weeks ago to celebrate, together with the Soviet people, the 40th anniversary of the Great Socialist October Revolution, the 40th anniversary of the birth of the world's first worker-peasant power, the socialist Soviet Union.

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IN THE COURSE OF THE CELEBRATIONS, WE ATTENDED A MEETING OF THE SUPREME SOVIET. AT THIS MEETING, WE HEARD A REPORT BY COMRADE KHRUSHCHEV. THIS REPORT WAS NOT A BOAST; IT WAS A MODEST BUT CONSCIOUS AND PROUD REPORT, AS IT HAD EVERY RIGHT TO BE. THEY REPORTED THAT DURING THE 40 YEARS THEY HAD BUILT A SOCIALIST SOCIETY, THE FIRST IN THE WORLD, AND HAD PROTECTED IT AGAINST ITS ENEMIES WHO WERE NOT FEW IN NUMBER. THEY WERE ABLE TO REPORT RESULTS IN BUILDING THE ECONOMY, WHICH ARE KNOWN ALL OVER THE WORLD, THE CREATION OF A SOCIALIST AGRICULTURE, THE CULTURAL PROGRESS OF THE SOVIET PEOPLE, AND THE GREAT SCIENTIFIC RESULTS OF THE SOVIET PEOPLE.

IN RECENT DAYS ALL OVER THE WORLD, AND IN THE WESTERN WORLD PERHAPS EVEN TO A GREATER EXTENT THAN HERE, THE MINDS OF THE SIMPLE PEOPLE ARE PREOCCUPIED WITH THE SOVIET ARTIFICIAL MOONS. THE ARTIFICIAL MOON ITSELF HAS RECENTLY FOUND ITS WAY NOT ONLY INTO THE ACHIEVEMENTS OF SCIENCE BUT ALSO INTO THE LANGUAGE OF EVERY NATION BECAUSE THE WORLD "SPUTNIK" IS KNOWN EVEN TO THE SIMPLEST PEOPLE ALL OVER THE WORLD. AND IF WE REFLECT FOR A MOMENT, TSARIST RUSSIA WAS EUROPE'S MOST BACKWARD COUNTRY 40 YEARS AGO; THE OVERWHELMING MAJORITY OF THE PEOPLE COULD NEITHER READ NOR WRITE. AND NOW, ON THE 40TH ANNIVERSARY, IN THE WORLD'S LEADING CAPITALIST COUNTRY, THE UNITED STATES, THE PHRASE DEAR TO OUR SOCIALIST HEART "THAT WE MUST CATCH UP WITH THE SOCIALIST SOVIET UNION IN SCIENCE" HAS BEEN SPOKEN FOR THE FIRST TIME BY THE MOST SERIOUS MEN, THE MEN OF SCIENCE. IT IS ONLY NOW THAT WE REALIZE WHAT THE VICTORY OF THE OCTOBER REVOLUTION AND THOSE 40 YEARS HAVE MEANT.

AT THE MEETING OF THE SUPREME SOVIET, IN THE REPORT OF COMRADE KHRUSHCHEV, THE SOVIET PEOPLE STRETCHED OUT THEIR HAND TO THE WHOLE WORLD; THEY OFFERED FRIENDSHIP AND PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE. THEY HAVE SHOWN THAT THE LAND OF THE OCTOBER SOCIALIST REVOLUTION, THE SOVIET UNION, WANTS PEACE AND FRIENDSHIP WITH ALL PEOPLES AND WITH ALL STATES.

THE NEXT DAY WE ATTENDED THE MILITARY PARADE, THE CEREMONIAL PARADE OF THE MOSCOW GARRISON. THE PARADE, MY DEAR FRIENDS LASTED ALTOGETHER 30 MINUTES BUT WHAT WE AND THE MILITARY REPRESENTATIVES OF FOREIGN STATES COULD SEE THERE MADE US ALL REALIZE THAT THE SOVIET UNION IS NOT MERELY IMBUED WITH PEACEFUL INTENTIONS, BUT WITH STRENGTH AS WELL WITH WHICH IT CAN CHECK THE AGGRESSORS.

WE ATTENDED THE MASS DEMONSTRATION IN MOSCOW. WHEN WE SAW THAT ENTHUSIASTIC AND ENLIGHTENED (CENTADATOS) MARCH THE GRAND THESIS OF THE 20TH CONGRESS CAME BACK TO OUR MIND; IT WAS THE HISTORY-MAKING SOVIET PEOPLE WHO MARCHED BEFORE OUR EYES.

AS FAR AS WE HUNGARIANS ARE CONCERNED, I CAN TELL YOU COMRADES THAT MEMBERS OF THE DELEGATIONS TREATED US WITH SUCH RESPECT THAT WE COULD NOT HELP THINKING--HAVE WE DESERVED THIS RESPECT? WE WERE ACCORDED SUCH AFFECTION, SUCH WARM AFFECTION THAT WE COULD NOT HELP THINKING--HAVE WE EARNED THAT AFFECTION.

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Yet, there it was. We representatives of the Hungarian Socialist Workers Party, of the Hungarian Revolutionary Worker-Peasant Government and of the Hungarian working people could neither boast nor show off with anything. Neither was there need for us to feel ashamed, the Soviet people hold in esteem and affection the Hungarian Socialist Workers Party; they respect the Hungarian Revolutionary Worker-Peasant Government; and they hold in high affection and esteem the Hungarian people, the overwhelming majority of whom at the time of storm, in a very difficult situation, proved to be faithful and steadfast over the issue of socialism and friendship with the Soviet Union.

We must say, comrades, that the news received from home gave us pleasure, including the news that our people have nicely commemorated Nov. 7, for that was a revolution which, 40 years ago, the working class and peasantry of the Soviet Union carried out but which, in essence, amounted to the revolt of the entire oppressed mankind against darkness and for light. Thus, that revolution was also the Hungarian people's.

Coinciding with the celebrations in Moscow, the heart of the socialist world, the delegations of 68 sister parties, communist and workers parties, assembled. I must also mention that beside them a very large number of delegates representing the most varied social strata met at the celebrations. However, in regard to the workers movement, the meeting of the 68 communist and workers parties was of historic significance because there has been no similarly large-scale meeting in the international workers movement for the past 22 years. We met and conferred on the basis of the principles sanctioned by the 20th congress on the basis of parity and equal rights. I tell you, comrades, the representatives of 68 sister parties assembled from all parts of the world, but we found it very gratifying that in the fundamental question of socialism and peace all the 68 shared identical views.

Dear comrades, dear friends, we have brought and convey to you the fraternal greetings of the Soviet leaders and of the Soviet people. We have brought and convey to you the cordial and friendly greetings of representatives of the people's democracies. I have brought to you the heartfelt, comradely communist greetings of the 68 sister parties. (Applause)

We, Hungarians, who have been able to take part in the wonderful celebrations and the highly significant comradely, fraternal meetings have returned home strengthened in our conviction. We are of the opinion, and this has been told us by many, that we are respected because we stood up for our convictions openly and courageously, because, striving to avoid the old mistakes, we could fight consistently against the enemies of the people's regime and the people's enemies.

(End of the press review)

(The) HUNGARIAN REVOLUTION in its editorial comments on the celebration of the 40th anniversary of the October Revolution. It points out that this celebration constitutes an important event in the history of the international workers movement.

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All the comrades told us: "Carry on, Hungarian comrades; go on fighting as before. We have come home strengthened in our conviction that we are fighting our battle together with the great Soviet Union and the Soviet people, together with the fraternal family of the peoples of the socialist countries, together with the workers movement of the world. We have no need to fear the future. We must firmly stick to our principles. We must fight together with the people and we must advance in the spirit of proletarian internationalism. (Applause)

Telegram to Khrushchev

Budapest, Hungarian Home Service, Nov. 22, 1957, 1100 GMT--L

(Text) Janos Kadar, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Hungarian Socialist Workers Party and chairman of the Hungarian Revolutionary Worker-Peasant Government, has sent the following telegram to Khrushchev, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the CPSU, and Belgenin, chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Soviet Union.

"On leaving the soil of the Soviet Union, I wish to express, on behalf of the Hungarian party and government delegation, to the Central Committee of the CPSU and the Council of Ministers of the Soviet Union my sincere gratitude for having been able to participate at the unforgettable festivities held on the occasion of the 40th anniversary of the Great Soviet Socialist Revolution and for having been able to meet and conduct talks, permeated by a spirit of proletarian internationalism, with the leaders of the CPSU and other sister parties.

"During our stay in the Soviet Union, we were able to convince ourselves again of the fact that under the leadership of its Communist Party the Soviet peoples are advancing with firm strides on the road of the building of communism and that the firm unity of the socialist camp, led by the Soviet Union, formed a fundamental safeguard for a happier future of mankind and for world peace.

"On behalf of the Hungarian party and government delegation, I wish further successes to the most sincere and unselfish friend of the Hungarian people--the Soviet people--and to the great ideal of the Hungarian Socialist Workers Party--the Communist Party of the Soviet Union."

Editorial Comment

Budapest, MFI, in French Hellschreiber to Europe, Nov. 23, 1957, 1200 GMT--L

(From the press review)

(Text) MACYAR NEMZET in its editorial comments on the declaration of the representatives of the communist and workers parties of the socialist countries. It points out that this declaration constitutes at present the most important international political event.

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The Moscow declaration shows clearly the present situation and the most decisive international question; the question of war and peace. After analyzing the declaration in detail, the paper concludes by emphasizing that, if the western leaders will display a spirit of understanding, the political basis for the establishment of a durable peace is at hand.

NEPAKARAT says on the same subject; The Moscow declaration furnishes renewed and striking proof that the communist movement is the sole conscious representative of the objective laws of historic development. It is the only political force capable of transforming the old world into a new world and, at the same time, of dispelling the clouds of a new war.

MAGYAR NEMZET carries a commentary by its Moscow correspondent on the meeting of the communist and workers party leaders. The commentator indicates that according to reports circulating among journalists in Moscow, but not yet officially confirmed, Khrushchev and Suslov made two important speeches at the meeting.

It is probable, the correspondent of MAGYAR NEMZET goes on, that the CPSU leaders have played a prominent part in the elaboration of the declaration of high importance. The fact that the problems discussed were treated in the same manner as by the 20th Congress of the CPSU is an indication.

It is also an indisputable fact that representatives of all the participating parties have played an active part in the debates and several among them participated in preparations for the meeting. Thus, bilateral talks such as took place on the eve of the meeting between representatives of the Hungarian Socialist Workers Party and the Polish United Workers Party constituted acts preliminary to the big encounter.